



	CONTACT DETAILS
IN AN EMER	GENCY CALL:
Lead:	Primary Contact:
Participants:	

Purpose: Date:

Benefit: Develops patience, discipline, and respect for nature through training. | Encourages outdoor activity and connection with birds of prey. | Enhances understanding of predator-prey relationships and raptor biology. | Preserves an ancient cultural tradition and teaches sustainable hunting techniques. | Provides non-invasive pest control methods using trained birds. | Supports wildlife conservation efforts by promoting responsible bird care.

HAZARDS					
HAZARD	RISK	RISK BENEFIT	MEASURE	RISK TO	RISK LEVEL
Allergic reactions in handlers or the public	Skin irritation, respiratory issues, anaphylaxis	Allows individuals with allergies to make informed decisions about participation, reducing the risk of adverse reactions.	Inform participants of potential allergens present (e.g., feathers, dander). Have first aid kits and emergency contact information readily available. (ALL)	Public, handlers	Before Measure: High After Measure: Med
Bird injuring a member of the public during handling	Talon scratches, bites, panic response	Allows public engagement and education about falconry, fostering appreciation and support for raptor conservation.	Ensure that only experienced falconers handle the birds during public interactions. Provide protective gloves to individuals holding the birds to prevent injuries from talons. (ALL)	Public, handlers	Before Measure: High After Measure: Med



HAZARD	RISK	RISK BENEFIT	MEASURE	RISK TO	RISK LEVEL
Birds being startled by loud noises or sudden movements	Startling of birds, erratic flight, potential escape	Helps birds adapt to real- world conditions, making them more resilient in various display settings while allowing a wider audience to experience falconry.	Ensure public viewing areas are positioned away from loud machinery or sudden noise sources. Brief the audience before the demonstration to avoid sudden movements. Train birds in controlled environments with gradual exposure to noise to build tolerance. (ALL)	Birds, handlers, audience	Before Measure: High After Measure: Med
		Provides dynamic demonstrations that captivate audiences, enhancing educational impact and public interest in falconry.	Conduct flying shows in spacious areas to minimize the risk of birds colliding with spectators. Use well-trained birds accustomed to flying close to people without making contact. (ALL)	Public, handlers, birds	Before Measure: High After Measure: Med
Birds contracting diseases from wild animals	weakened immune system,	Maintains the health of the bird collection, ensuring the longevity and success of the program.	Quarantine new birds before introducing them to the main population. Avoid flying birds in areas known to be inhabited by wild raptors or other potential disease carriers. (ALL)	Birds	Before Measure: High After Measure: Med
Birds escaping during transport or display	Loss of birds, disruption of event, difficulty in retrieval	Prevents loss of valuable birds and maintains the integrity of the program.	Use secure, well-maintained transport boxes and equipment. Regularly inspect for wear and tear, and ensure all closures are secure during transit and display. (ALL)	Birds, handlers	Before Measure: High After Measure: Med
Birds getting caught on obstacles (trees, wires, structures)	Entanglement, injury, disorientation	Encourages birds to build trust with handlers and develop reliable recall training, which is essential for falconry practices.	Conduct site inspections before flying birds in a new area. Use radio tracking devices on birds in case of unintended landings. Train birds to recall to the glove promptly if they become caught or disoriented. (ALL)		Before Measure: High After Measure: Med
Birds ingesting foreign objects during displays	Choking, poisoning, digestive issues	Prevents health complications in birds, ensuring their continued participation in programs.	Keep display areas free from small, ingestible items. Supervise birds closely during displays to prevent them from picking up foreign objects. (ALL)	Birds	Before Measure: High After Measure: Med



HAZARD	RISK	RISK BENEFIT	MEASURE	RISK TO	RISK LEVEL
Damage to property from birds landing on displays or fixtures	Scratches, breakages, financial loss	Prevents property damage, maintaining good relationships with venue providers and reducing costs.	Assess rooms and display areas upon entry. If deemed unsuitable for free flight, attach a creance line to limit the bird's flight area or opt not to fly the bird. (ALL)	Property owners, event organizers	Before Measure: High After Measure: Med
Escape of birds due to faulty jesses or tracking equipment	Loss of birds, difficulty in recovery	Encourages better training and recall reliability while allowing birds some degree of freedom in demonstrations.	Inspect all jesses, leashes, and telemetry devices before each use. Maintain a strict routine of equipment checks and replacements. Train birds to recall to the glove or lure reliably even without equipment. (ALL)	Birds, handlers	Before Measure: High After Measure: Med
Exotic animal causing illness from venom	Venom reaction, allergic responses, mild envenomation	Allows for the inclusion of a diverse range of species in educational programs while ensuring public safety.	Avoid using venomous species in public displays. For species with mild venom, ensure handlers are aware and take necessary precautions. (ALL)	Public, handlers	Before Measure: High After Measure: Med
Exotic animal injuring a member of the public during handling	Bites, scratches, panic response	Enables safe, hands-on educational experiences that enhance learning and appreciation for wildlife.	Utilize only tame and regularly handled exotic animals classified as harmless species for public interactions. (ALL)	Public, handlers	Before Measure: High After Measure: Med
Falconers experiencing fatigue or burnout from prolonged work hours	Exhaustion, reduced focus, increased risk of errors	falconers, leading to higher-quality bird care	Implement structured work shifts to allow handlers adequate rest. Encourage mental and physical well-being through training rotations. Conduct routine debriefings to address stress and workload concerns. (ALL)	Handlers	Before Measure: High After Measure: Med



HAZARD	RISK	RISK BENEFIT	MEASURE	RISK TO	RISK LEVEL
Handler injuries from bites, scratches, or talon punctures	Bites, scratches, puncture wounds	develop expertise in bird	Provide handlers with appropriate PPE, including thick gloves and arm protection. Ensure staff receive training on proper bird restraint techniques. Encourage staff to check for signs of aggression before handling. (ALL)	Handlers	Before Measure: High After Measure: Med
Heat stress in birds during outdoor displays	Overheating, dehydration, fatigue	Ensures the health and comfort of the birds, allowing for safe outdoor educational activities.	Schedule outdoor displays during cooler parts of the day. Provide shaded areas and access to water for the birds at all times. (ALL)	Birds	Before Measure: High After Measure: Med
Inadequate supervision of public interactions with birds	Injury to public, stress to birds, potential escape	Enables meaningful educational experiences while maintaining public safety and minimizing stress on the birds.	Maintain a strict handler-to-bird ratio to ensure each bird is properly monitored. Use signage to instruct visitors on appropriate behavior. Only allow preapproved interaction under direct supervision with clear safety briefings beforehand. (ALL)	Public, birds, handlers	Before Measure: High After Measure: Med
Injury to birds from environmental hazards during displays	Cuts, ingestion of toxic substances, drowning	birds, ensuring their	Assess display areas for potential hazards such as sharp objects, toxic plants, or open water sources. Remove or mitigate identified risks before the event. (ALL)	Birds	Before Measure: High After Measure: Med
Injury to birds from improper handling by staff	Broken feathers, wing strain, stress-related issues	well-being of the birds,	Provide comprehensive training for all staff on proper bird handling techniques. Regularly assess and refresh training to maintain high standards. (ALL)	Birds, handlers	Before Measure: High After Measure: Med



HAZARD	RISK	RISK BENEFIT	MEASURE	RISK TO	RISK LEVEL
Poor weather conditions affecting birds ability to fly safely	Loss of control, injury, reduced visibility	Helps falconers develop a better understanding of environmental factors affecting birds and ensures adaptability in different working conditions.	Assess weather forecasts before scheduling public flights. Avoid flying birds in strong winds, heavy rain, or extreme temperatures. Have contingency plans for indoor demonstrations if needed. (ALL)	Birds, handlers, audience	Before Measure: High After Measure: Med
Potential aggression between birds in close quarters	Fighting, injuries, stress	Enables multiple birds to be kept and displayed in the same setting, increasing variety and educational value in falconry displays.	House birds separately unless they are compatible. Train handlers to recognize early signs of aggression. Use perches that provide adequate spacing to prevent birds from reaching each other. (ALL)	Birds	Before Measure: High After Measure: Med
Public throwing objects at or attempting to touch birds	Injury to birds, distress, potential escape	respect for wildlife and	Establish a clear boundary between the public and display areas using fencing, rope barriers, or marked zones. Assign staff to monitor the crowd and intervene when necessary. Display signage outlining expected behavior. (ALL)	Birds, handlers, audience	Before Measure: High After Measure: Med
Risk of audience members feeding birds inappropriate food	Dietary issues, poisoning, choking	Allows controlled educational feeding experiences while preventing dietary health issues.	Prohibit public feeding unless under strict handler supervision. Provide clearly labeled feeding instructions if feeding is part of an educational experience. Train birds to accept food only from designated handlers. (ALL)	Birds, audience	Before Measure: High After Measure: Med
Risk of birds contracting parasites from prey or environment	Parasites, illness, weight loss	natural diet and practice hunting behavior while	Conduct regular health checks and deworming treatments. Avoid feeding wild-caught prey and instead use high-quality, controlled food sources. Clean enclosures and transport boxes regularly. (ALL)	Birds	Before Measure: High After Measure: Med



HAZARD	RISK	RISK BENEFIT	MEASURE	RISK TO	RISK LEVEL
Risk of dehydration in birds during prolonged displays	Dehydration, overheating, exhaustion	Helps birds build endurance and adapt to different conditions, preparing them for outdoor work, hunting, or prolonged display periods.	Schedule water breaks and shaded rest areas for birds during long events. Provide misting systems in hot weather. Limit flight times and monitor birds for early signs of dehydration, such as excessive panting or drooped wings. (ALL)	Birds	Before Measure: High After Measure: Med
Stress-induced health issues in birds	Feather plucking, loss of appetite, reduced performance	Ensures the well-being of the birds, leading to more effective and humane educational programs.	Limit the duration and frequency of public displays. Provide birds with adequate rest periods in quiet, secluded areas away from public view. (ALL)	Birds	Before Measure: High After Measure: Med
Transmission of zoonotic diseases (diseases spread from animals to people)	Illness in handlers or public, potential disease outbreaks	Promotes public health while allowing educational interactions with the birds.	Regularly clean all animal enclosures and display areas with antibacterial cleansers. Provide antibacterial hand gel for use before and after handling the animals. (ALL)	Public, handlers	Before Measure: High After Measure: Med
Unauthorized handling of the animals or equipment	Injury to birds, damage to equipment, disruption of display	Maintains the integrity of the demonstration and ensures the safety of both the birds and the public.	Ensure a falconer is present at all times during displays. Use cordoned-off areas to restrict unauthorized access to animals and equipment. (ALL)	Public, handlers, birds	Before Measure: High After Measure: Med
Unintentional injury to birds during transport	Stress, bruising, wing or leg injuries	Enables birds to be transported for conservation programs, breeding projects, and falconry events while minimizing harm.	Use specialized transport crates with proper ventilation and soft padding. Avoid stacking crates to prevent toppling. Secure birds with travel jesses and ensure perches are non-slip. Monitor for stress signs during travel. (ALL)	Birds	Before Measure: High After Measure: Med





HAZARD	RISK	RISK BENEFIT	MEASURE	RISK TO	RISK LEVEL
Public fear or anxiety leading to disruptive behavior	Distress, panic, disruption of demonstration	Creates an inclusive environment where all individuals can engage with the program at their comfort level.	Clearly communicate what to expect during displays. Offer opportunities for individuals to opt out or observe from a distance if they are uncomfortable. (ALL)	Public, handlers	Before Measure: Med After Measure: Low
Unpredicted risks	Illness, injury, death		Continuous risk monitoring conducted by all staff. Any unforeseen hazards must be reported promptly to supervisors or management, with immediate corrective action taken as necessary. (ALL)	AII	N/A

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Extra notes & activity evalua	tion:		
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Completed by	Reviewed/Approved by	Risk Assessment Date	Review Required Date